

Contact Hours:39    CIE:50 Marks    SEE: 50 Marks    Exam Duration:3 Hrs.

### Course Learning Objectives (CLOs):

To provide an insight into applications of conformal mapping, integration of complex functions and application of statistics and probability distributions in Engineering.

### Course Outcomes (COs):

Description of the Course Outcome: At the end of the course the student will be able to:		Mapping to POs(1-12)		
		Substantial Level (3)	Moderate Level (2)	Slight Level (1)
<b>CO-1</b>	<b>Construct</b> and use the concepts of analytic function to solve the problems arising in Engineering field.			1
<b>CO-2</b>	<b>Utilize</b> conformal transformation and complex integral to transform irregular domain onto a relatively simple domain.		1	
<b>CO-3</b>	<b>Make</b> use of the correlation and regression analysis to fit a suitable mathematical model for the statistical data.		1,2	
<b>CO-4</b>	<b>Apply</b> discrete and continuous probability distributions in analyzing the probability models arising in engineering field.		1,2	
<b>CO-5</b>	<b>Recite</b> Markov chains and describe stochastic process.			1,2

POs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Mapping Level	1.6	1.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

- Pre-requisites:** 1. Differentiation of function.  
2. Integration of function.  
3. Basic Probability theory.

## Contents:

### Unit-I

**Calculus of complex functions:** Review of function of a complex variable, limits, continuity, and differentiability. Analytic functions: Cauchy-Riemann equations in Cartesian and polar forms. Construction of analytic functions: Milne-Thomson method-Problems. **6L + 1T**

### Unit-II

**Conformal transformations:** Introduction. Discussion of transformations:  $w = e^z$ ;  $w = z^2$ ,  $w = z + \frac{1}{z}$ ,  $z \neq 0$ ) Bilinear transformations- Problems.

**Complex integration:** Line integral of a complex function, Cauchy's theorem and Cauchy's Integral theorem. **7L + 1T**

### Unit-III

**Statistical Methods:** Correlation and Lines of regression-problems - Fitting the curves of the form  $y = ax + b$ ;  $y = ax^2 + bx + c$ ;  $y = ax^b$  by the method of least squares. **7L + 1T**

### Unit-IV

**Probability Distributions:** Random variables (discrete and continuous), probability mass/density functions. Binomial, Poisson, exponential and normal distributions-problems (No derivation for mean and standard deviation)-Illustrative examples. **7L + 1T**

### Unit-V

**Joint probability distribution:** Joint Probability distribution for two discrete random variables, expectation and covariance.

**Markov chains** – Introduction, probability vectors, Stochastic Matrices, Fixed points and Regular stochastic matrices, Markov chains, higher transition probabilities, stationary distribution of regular Markov chains and absorbing states. **7L + 1T**

## Reference Books:

1. **B.S. Grewal:** Higher Engineering Mathematics, Khanna Publishers, 44<sup>th</sup> Ed., 2017.
2. **E. Kreyszig:** Advanced Engineering Mathematics, John Wiley & Sons, 10th Ed.(Reprint), 2016.
3. **Peter V.O'Neil:** Advanced Engineering Mathematics, International students edition, 2011.

4. **Kishor S. Trivedi**: Probability & Statistics with Reliability, Queuing, and Computer Science Applications, Prentice-Hall of India, 2005.

Contact Hours: 39

**Course Learning Objectives (CLOs):** This course focuses on the following learning perspectives:

- To have an insight into Fourier series, Fourier transforms, Difference equations and Z-transforms.
- Apply discrete and continuous probability distributions in analyzing the probability models arising in engineering field.

**Course Outcomes (COs):**

Description of the Course Outcome: At the end of the course the student will be able to:		Mapping to POs(1-12) / PSOs (13-16)		
		Substantial Level (3)	Moderate Level (2)	Slight Level (1)
<b>CO-1</b>	<b>Express</b> periodic function as a Fourier series and <b>obtain</b> the various harmonics of the Fourier series expansion for the given numerical data.	-	-	1
<b>CO-2</b>	<b>Transform</b> the given function using Fourier transforms depending on the nature of engineering applications. Solve difference equations using Z-transform.	-	-	1
<b>CO-3</b>	Make <b>Use</b> of the correlation and regression analysis to fit a suitable mathematical model for the statistical data.	-	1,2	-
<b>CO-4</b>	<b>Apply</b> discrete and continuous probability distributions in analyzing the probability models arising in engineering field.	-	1,2	-
<b>CO-5</b>	Estimate the correlation, covariance	-	1,2	-

using joint probability distributions. Also use student's t-distribution, Chi-square distribution as a test of goodness of fit.			
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- Pre-requisites:**(1) Differentiation of function.  
(2) Integration of function.  
(3) Basic Probability theory.  
(4) Statistical averages

POs/PSOs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Mapping Level	3.0	2.0	-	1.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.0	-	1.0	-

**Contents:**

**Unit-I**

**Fourier Series:** Periodic functions, Dirichlet's condition, Fourier series of periodic functions of period 2 and arbitrary period. Half-range Fourier series, Practical harmonic analysis, Examples from engineering field. **7L + 1T**

**Unit-II**

**Fourier Transforms:** Infinite Fourier transforms, Fourier sine and cosine transforms, Inverse Fourier transforms, Simple problems.

**Z-Transforms and Difference equations:** Z-transform – definition, Standard Z – transforms, Damping and shifting rules, Initial value and Final value theorems (without proof) with problems, Inverse Z-transform, Simple Problems, Difference equations – Basic definition, Application of Z-transform to solve Difference equation. **7L + 1T**

**Unit-III**

**Statistical Methods:** Correlation and regression-Karl Pearson's coefficient of correlation and rank correlation-problems. Regression analysis- lines of regression-problems.

**Curve Fitting:** Curve fitting by the method of least squares- fitting the curves of the form=  $ax + b$ ;  $y = ax^2 + bx + c$ ;  $y = ax^b$ . **7L + 1T**

**Unit-IV**

**Probability Distributions:** Review of basic probability theory, Random variables (discrete and continuous), probability mass/density functions. Binomial, Poisson, exponential and normal distributions- problems (No derivation for mean and standard

deviation)-Illustrative examples. **7L + 1T**

### **Unit-V**

**Joint probability distribution:** Joint Probability distribution for two discrete random variables, expectation and covariance.

**Sampling Theory:** Introduction to sampling distributions, standard error, Type-I and Type-II errors. Test of hypothesis for means, student's t-distribution, Chi-square distribution as a test of goodness of fit. **6L + 1T**

### **Reference Books:**

- 1) E. Kreyszig: Advanced Engineering Mathematics, John Wiley & Sons, 10th Ed.(Reprint) 2016.
- 2) B.S. Grewal: Higher Engineering Mathematics, Khanna Publishers, 44th Ed., 2017.
- 3) Srimanta Pal et al: Engineering Mathematics, Oxford University Press, 3rd Edition, 2016.

Contact Hours: 39

### Course Learning Objectives (CLOs):

To provide an insight into curvilinear coordinates system. Study statistical methods, probability distribution and application of probability distributions in Engineering.

### Course Outcomes (Cos):

Description of the Course Outcome: At the end of the course the student will be able to		Mapping to Pos(1-12)/PSOs(13,14)		
		Substantial Level (3)	Moderate Level (2)	Slight Level(1)
CO-1	<b>Understand</b> the significance of vectors and solve problems in various co-ordinate systems.	1	2	
CO-2	<b>Use</b> correlation and regression analysis to fit a suitable mathematical model for the statistical data.		1,2	
CO-3	<b>Apply</b> discrete and continuous probability distributions in analyzing the probability models arising in engineering field.		1,2	
CO-4	Recite Markov chains and describe stochastic process.		1,2	
CO-5	Determine Type-I and Type-II errors and test for goodness of fit using different methods.			

Pos/PSOs	1	2	3	4	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Mapping Level	2.2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

**Pre-requisites: (1) Differentiatin of function.  
 (2) Integration of function.  
 (3) Basic Probability theory.  
 (4) Vector Algebra.**

**Unit-I**

**Curvilinear coordinates system:** Vector Field, Dot product, Cross product of vectors, Other coordinate systems: Circular Cylindrical and Spherical coordinate systems. Laplace's and Poisson's equations. **7L + 1T**

#### Unit-II

**Statistical Methods:** Correlation and regression, Karl Pearson's coefficient of correlation and rank correlation, problems. Regression analysis, lines of regression, problems.

**Curve Fitting:** Curve fitting by the method of least squares- fitting the curves of the form  $y = ax + b$ ;  $y = ax^2 + bx + c$ ;  $y = ax^b$ . **6L + 1T**

#### Unit-III

**Probability Distributions:** Review of basic probability theory, Random variables (discrete and continuous), probability mass/density functions – Uniform, Binomial, Poisson, exponential and normal (Gaussian) distributions, problems (No derivation for mean and standard deviation) - Illustrative examples, Distribution of several random variables. **7L + 1T**

#### Unit-IV

**Joint probability distributions:** Joint Probability distribution for two discrete random variables, expectation and covariance.

**Markov chains** – Introduction, probability vectors, Stochastic Matrices, Fixed points and Regular stochastic matrices, Markov chains, higher transition probabilities, stationary distribution of regular Markov chains and absorbing states. **7L + 1T.**

#### Unit-V

**Sampling Theory:** Introduction to sampling, estimations of parameters, Confidence intervals, Testing of Hypotheses, Decisions, Standard error, Type-I and Type-II errors, Test of hypothesis for means, student's t-distribution, Chi-square distribution as a test of goodness of fit. **7L + 1T**

#### Reference Books:

1. Erwin Kreyszig: Advanced Engineering Mathematics, John Wiley & Sons  
10<sup>th</sup> edition, 2016.



2. B. S. Grewal: Higher Engineering Mathematics, KhannaPublishers, 44<sup>th</sup> edition, 2017.
3. Hayt& Buck, "Engineering Electromagnetics", Tata McGraw-Hill, 8<sup>th</sup> edition, 2010.
4. Edminister, "Electromagnetics", Schaum Outline Series, McGraw Hill, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, 2006.

**21UISM400 Engineering Mathematics-IV (2-2-0)3**

**Contact Hours:39**

**Course Learning Objectives (CLOs):**

To visualize combination, spaces, rotation, reflection and projection of vectors. To compute orthogonal vectors, Eigen values to solve differential and difference equation. Obtain least square solution to solve system of equations.

**Course Outcomes (COs):**

Description of the Course Outcome: At the end of the course the student will be able to:		Mapping to POs(1 to 12)/ PSO (1 to 2)		
		Substantial Level (3)	Moderate Level (2)	Slight Level (1)
CO-1	Describe the concept of vector spaces, subspaces, basis, dimension and their properties.			1,2
CO-2	Explain various matrix transformation such as linear transformation, orthogonal transformation and similarity transformation.			1,2
CO-3	Illustrate the concepts of symmetric matrices and quadratic forms.			1,2
CO-4	Apply characteristic polynomials to compute Eigen values and Eigen vectors and use Eigen spaces of matrix to diagonalizable a matrix.			1,2
CO-5	Apply the concepts of inner products to matrix decomposition.			1,2

PO's	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PSO 1	PSO 2
Mapping Level	1.0	1.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

**Pre-requisites:** 1. Properties of determinants    2. Algebra of Matrices

## Contents:

### UNIT-I

**VECTOR SPACES-** Subspaces, Linear Combinations, Linear Spans, row space and column space of a Matrix, Linear Dependence and Independence, Basis and Dimension, Coordinates. **6L+1T**

### UNIT-II

**LINEAR TRANSFORMATIONS:** Introduction, Linear Mappings, Geometric linear transformation of, Kernel and Image of a linear transformations, Matrix representation of linear transformations, Rank-Nullity Theorem (No proof), Singular and Nonsingular linear transformations, Invertible linear transformations.

**7L+1T**

### UNIT-III

**SYMMETRIC MATRICES AND QUADRATIC FORMS:** Diagonalization of real symmetric matrices, Orthogonal diagonalization of real symmetric matrices, quadratic forms and its classifications, Singular value decomposition. **7L+1T**

### UNIT-IV

**EIGEN VALUES AND EIGENVECTORS:** Introduction, Polynomials of Matrices, Characteristic polynomial, Cayley-Hamilton Theorem, eigenvalues and eigenvectors, eigen spaces of a linear transformation, Diagonalization, Minimal Polynomial, Characteristic and Minimal Polynomials of Block Matrices, Jordan Canonical form, Solving differential equations in Fundamental form. **7L+1T**

### UNIT-V

**INNER PRODUCT SPACES:** Inner product, inner product spaces, length and orthogonality, orthogonal sets and Bases, projections, Gram-Schmidt process, QR-factorization, least squares problem and least square error. **7L+1T**

### Reference Books:

- 1) Linear Algebra and its applications, David C. lay, Steven R. lay, Judi J Mc. Donald, 5<sup>th</sup> edition, 2015, Pearson Education.
- 2) Linear Algebra and its applications, Gilbert Strang, 4<sup>th</sup> edition, 2005, Brooks Cole.